

SEMESTER – II

PEDAGOGY OF GEOGRAPHY - II

COURSE OBJECTIVES

CO1:Understand the Paradigm shift from Pedagogy to Andragogy to Heutagogy.

CO2:Know various teaching models.

CO3:Define activity based and group-controlled instruction.

CO4:Utilize various resources in teaching Geography.

CO5:Comprehend multiple assessment tools in teaching and learning.

UNIT -I: PEDAGOGICAL ANALYSIS

Paradigm shift from Pedagogy to Andragogy to Heutagogy – Concept and stages - Critical Pedagogy: Meaning, Foster independent thinking through critical pedagogy, Need and its implications in Teacher Education. Interaction Analysis: Flanders' Interaction analysis, Galloway's system of interaction analysis (Recording of Classroom Events, Construction and Interpretation of Interaction Matrix).

UNIT-II: TEACHING MODELS

Meaning and Definitions – Characteristics of Teaching Models – Fundamental Elements – Types of Teaching Models: Information Processing Models, Social Interaction Models, Personal Development Models and Behaviour Modification Models – Some Teaching Models: Glaser's Basic Teaching Model(Classroom Meeting), Ausubel's Advance Organizer Model, Schuman's Inquiry Training Model, Bloom's Mastery Learning Model, Bruner's Concept attainment Model, Jean Piaget's Cognitive Development Model, Byron Massials and Benjamin Cox's Social Inquiry, Carl Roger's Non-directive and William Gordon's Synecticsmodels, Skinner's Operant Conditioning Teaching Model.

UNIT-III: ACTIVITY-BASED AND GROUP CONTROLLED INSTRUCTION

Activity Based Instruction: Concept, Classification - Role Play, Simulation, Incident method, Case Study method, Gaming and prioritisation exercises.

Group Controlled Instruction: Concept, Definition and Importance of Group Controlled Instruction – Types of Group- Controlled Instruction: Group Interactive sessions, Co-operative Learning methods, Group investigation, Group Projects, Symposium, and Brain Storming.



UNIT-IV: RESOURCE BASED LEARNING

Meaning of the Resources, Community Resources, Types of Community Resources, Importance and Utilization in Teaching Geography – Geography Learning Resources: Geography Club and its activities, Museum, Library, Historical Fictions, Newspapers and Magazines- Co-curricular Activities Based Learning Geography - Documents based Learning-Teaching of Current events.

UNIT - V: ASSESSMENT IN PEDAGOGY OF GEOGRAPHY

Criteria for Teacher Evaluation - Concept of Test, Measurement and Evaluation - Differentiate between Assessment and Evaluation - Standardization of Test, Principles and steps involved in the construction of achievement test - Blue Print and Question Pattern - Feedback Devices: Meaning, Types, Criteria, Guidance as a Feedback Devices: Assessment of Portfolios, Reflective Journal, Field Engagement using Rubrics, Competency Based Evaluation.

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

- 1. Prepare and submit a report on different methods of teaching Geography.
- 2. Write an essay on Geography resource center.
- 3. Teacher talk on activity based and group-controlled instruction.
- 4. Critically review a Textbook of Geography.
- 5. Preparation and presentation of a report on different resources of teaching Geography.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Arche, R, L & Lewis, W.J. (1924). The teaching of geography. London: A & C Black.
- 2. Aurora, M.L. (1979). Teaching of geography. Ludhiana: Prakash Brother.
- 3. Bloom, S. Benjamin. (1984). Taxonomy of educational objectives: Book1: Cognitive domain. Boston: Addison Wesley Publication.
- 4. Bruce R. Joyce & Marsha Weil. (1972). Models of teaching. Scotts Valley: ETR Association.

SUPPLEMENTARY READINGS

- 1. Basha, Salim S.A. (2004). Methods of teaching geography. New Delhi: Discovery Publishing House.
- 2. Rao, M.S. (2004). Teaching of geography. New Delhi: Anmol Publications.
- 3. Siddiqui, M. H. (2004). Teaching of geography. New Delhi: APH Publication.



E-RESOURCES

- 1. www.geography-site.co.uk
- 2. www.geographyeducation.org
- 3. www.tcthankseducation.blogspot.in

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of this course, the student-teachers will be able to:

CO1: explain the Paradigm shift from Pedagogy to Andragogy to Heutagogy.

CO2: demonstrate the various teaching models.

CO3: identify activity based and group-controlled instruction.

CO4: analyzevarious resource centers in teaching Geography.

CO5: demonstrate multiple assessment tools in teaching and learning.

OUTCOME MAPPING

COURSE OUTCOMES	PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES																							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	1 8	19	20	21	22	23	24
CO1																								
CO2		*										*						*	*					
CO3																*								
CO4																								
CO5				*		*	*							*			*							